## Asbestos and Lead-Based Paint Survey Report

Building M766
Hospital District – Old Navy Base
North Charleston, South Carolina
February 3, 2020
Terracon Project No. EN197470



#### Prepared for:

Palmetto Railways Charleston, South Carolina

#### Prepared by:

Terracon Consultants, Inc. North Charleston, South Carolina

#### Inspected by:

Craig C. Langford (SC ASB-22775)

terracon.com

<u>lerracon</u>

Environmental Facilities Geotechnical Materials



February 3, 2020

Palmetto Railways 540 East Bay Street Charleston, South Carolina 29403

Attn: Alec Thompson Phone: (843) 737-8440

Email: <u>athompson@palmettorail.com</u>

Re: Asbestos and Lead-Based Paint Survey Report

**Building M766** 

North Charleston, South Carolina Terracon Project No. EN197470

Dear Mr. Thompson:

Terracon Consultants, Inc. (Terracon) is pleased to present the results of the asbestos and leadbased paint survey performed on January 9, 2020 of Building M766 located on the Old Navy Base in the Hospital District in North Charleston, South Carolina. We understand that this survey was requested due to the planned renovation or demolition of the building.

Terracon appreciates the opportunity to provide environmental consulting services. If you should have any questions regarding this report, or if you need assistance with bid documents or project oversight during the building renovation/demolition, please contact the undersigned at (843) 277-8402.

Sincerely,

Terracon Consultants, Inc.

Craig C. Langford, OHST Senior Industrial Hygienist

Jeffrey A. Gurrie, CIH Authorized Project Reviewer

Materials

Terracon Consultants, Inc. 1450 Fifth Street, West North Charleston, South Carolina 29405 P (843) 884 1234 F (843) 884 9234 terracon.com



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#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

This executive summary is intended as an overview for the convenience of the reader. The report should be reviewed in its entirety prior to making any decisions regarding this site.

Terracon Consultants, Inc. (Terracon) conducted an asbestos and lead-based paint survey for Building M766 located on the Old Navy Base in the Hospital District in North Charleston, South Carolina. It was our understanding that the building may be renovated or demolished in the future. The purpose of this survey was to sample and identify suspect asbestos-containing materials (ACM) and provide information regarding the identity, location, condition and approximate quantities of ACM in interior and exterior building components.

The survey was performed on January 9, 2020, by a South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (SCDHEC) licensed asbestos inspector in general accordance with our proposal dated December 18, 2019 and the sampling protocols established in EPA 40 CFR 763 (Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act, AHERA) and the SCDHEC Regulation 61-86.1 Standards of Performance for Asbestos Projects.

Forty (40) bulk samples were collected from homogeneous areas of suspect ACM. Based on the results of laboratory analysis, suspect materials were identified as asbestos containing materials (ACMs) defined as containing >1% asbestos.

Laboratory analysis identified asbestos in the following materials:

- Friable joint compound (Chrysotile, 2%) associated with the wallboard system located throughout the building; approximately 15,300 ft<sup>2</sup>,
- Non-friable sheet flooring backing (Chrysotile, 6%) located in all bathrooms on each floor; approximately 1,800 ft<sup>2</sup>,
- Non-friable roof flashing, fibrous layer (Chrysotile, 2%-5%) located on the roof, approximately 500 ft<sup>2</sup>.

Terracon recommends removal of the asbestos-containing materials by a South Carolina licensed asbestos abatement contractor prior to the disturbance of these materials during renovation of the building. Additionally, a project design and third-party air monitoring is required.

Four (4) paint-chip samples were collected from the components of the structure on the site. The sample results were below the EPA definition of lead paint of 0.5% and below the SCDHEC 0.06% by weight threshold for disposal.

#### ASBESTOS AND LEAD-BASED PAINT SURVEY REPORT

#### BUILDING M766 – HOSPITAL DISTRICT OLD NAVY BASE NORTH CHARLESTON, SOUTH CAROLINA PROJECT NO. EN197470

INSPECTION DATE: January 9, 2020 REPORT DATE: February 3, 2020

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

Terracon Consultants, Inc. (Terracon) conducted an asbestos and lead-based paint survey of building materials in Building M766 located on the Old Navy Base in the Hospital District in North Charleston, South Carolina. The survey was conducted on January 9, 2020, by a South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (SCDHEC) licensed building inspector in general accordance with our Proposal No PEN197470Rev1 dated December 18, 2019 and Palmetto Rail Continuing Services Agreement dated November 1, 2019. The purpose of this survey was to sample and identify suspect asbestos-containing materials (ACM) and provide information regarding the identity, location, condition and approximate quantities of ACM in interior and exterior building components.

Terracon understands that the building will be renovated or demolished. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) regulation 40 CFR 61, Subpart M, National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP), prohibits the release of asbestos fibers to the atmosphere during renovation/demolition activities. NESHAP and SCDHEC requires that potentially regulated asbestos-containing building materials be identified, classified and quantified prior to planned disturbances or demolition activities.

Suspect ACM was sampled in general accordance with the sampling protocols outlined in EPA Regulation 40 CFR 763 Subpart E763.86 (Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act, AHERA) and SCDHEC Regulation 61-86.1 Standards of Performance for Asbestos Projects. Interior building components were surveyed and homogeneous areas of suspect asbestos-containing materials (ACM) were visually identified and documented. Although reasonable effort was made to survey accessible suspect materials, additional suspect but un-sampled materials could be located in walls, in voids or in other concealed areas. Samples were delivered to an accredited laboratory for analysis by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) and Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM), as required.

#### 2.0 BUILDING DESCRIPTION

The building, with an estimate date of construction of early to mid-1980's, is approximately 12,000 ft² in size and constructed on slab on grade. The building consists of three floors with a small exterior boiler room. The building exterior is a stucco type (EFIS) wall system with a flat rolled type roofing. General interior finishes are wallboard system, lay-in ceiling tiles, carpeting, and

Building M766 North Charleston, South Carolina February 3, 2020 Terracon Project No. EN197470



sheet flooring. The mechanical system was powered by a boiler feed system. The ductwork is comprised of fiberglass insulation, metal ducts, and mastic.

Suspect ACMs sampled were:

- Wallboard systems (drywall and joint compound)
- Window Caulking
- Ceiling Tiles
- Sheet Flooring

- HAVC duct mastic
- Roofing materials
- Exterior Stucco (EFIS System)
- Boiler Pipe Insulation

Non-suspect ACMs include fiberglass insulation, rubber/silicon caulking. Carpet appeared to be "tacked" down.

#### 3.0 ASBESTOS SURVEY

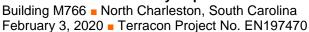
The asbestos survey was conducted by SCDHEC licensed Asbestos Building Inspector Mr. Craig C. Langford (License No. ASB-22775 Exp. 07/09/20). A copy of Mr. Langford's license is included in Appendix D. The survey was conducted on January 9, 2020, in general accordance with the sampling protocols established by EPA Regulation 40 CFR 763 Subpart E 763.86, AHERA and SCDHEC R. 61-86.1. A summary of survey activities is provided below.

#### 3.1 Regulatory Overview

An ACM is defined as any material containing asbestos of any type in an amount greater than one percent (1%). The asbestos NESHAP (40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M) regulates asbestos fiber emissions and asbestos waste disposal practices. It also requires the identification and classification of existing building materials prior to demolition or renovation activity. Under NESHAP, asbestos-containing building materials are classified as either friable, Category I nonfriable or Category II non-friable ACM. Friable materials are those that, when dry, may be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure. Category I non friable ACM includes packing materials, gaskets, resilient floor coverings and asphalt roofing products containing more than 1 percent (%) asbestos. Category II non-friable ACM are non-friable materials other than Category I materials that contain more than 1% asbestos.

Friable ACM, Category I and Category II non-friable ACM which is in poor condition and has become friable or which will be subjected to drilling, sanding, grinding, cutting or abrading and which could be crushed or pulverized during anticipated renovation/demolition activities are considered regulated ACM (RACM). RACM must be removed prior to renovation or demolition activities.

In the state of South Carolina, asbestos activities are regulated by the SCDHEC under the SCDHEC Regulation 61-86.1 Standards of Performance for Asbestos Projects. The SCDHEC require that any asbestos-related activity conducted in a public building be performed by personnel licensed by





the SCDHEC. The owner or operator must provide the SCDHEC with written notification of planned abatement and removal activities prior to the commencement of those activities. The SCDHEC requires 4 day notification for non-friable projects and 10 day notification for RACM projects. Asbestos abatement must be performed by SCDHEC-licensed asbestos abatement contractors. A SCDHEC-licensed Project Designer shall prepare a written abatement design for each abatement renovation project involving the removal of greater than 3,000 square, 1,500 linear, or 656 cubic feet of RACM. Third-party air monitoring must be conducted during the abatement of friable (regulated) ACM. The SCDHEC asbestos regulations can be found at <a href="http://www.scdhec.gov">http://www.scdhec.gov</a>.

The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Asbestos Standard for Construction Industry (29 CFR 1926.1101) regulates workplace exposure to asbestos. The OSHA standard requires that employee exposure to airborne asbestos fibers be maintained below 0.1 asbestos fibers per cubic centimeter of air (0.1 f/cc) for an eight-hour time weighted average. The OSHA standard classifies construction and maintenance activities, which could disturb ACM, and specifies work practices and precautions which employers must follow when engaging in each class of regulated work. A full copy of the OSHA asbestos standard for general industry may be found at OSHA's website (<a href="https://www.osha.gov">www.osha.gov</a>) and should be referenced for specific information.

#### 3.2 Visual Assessment

Our survey activities began with visual observation of the exterior and interior of the building to identify apparent homogeneous areas of suspect ACM. A homogeneous area consists of building materials, which appear similar throughout in terms of color, texture and date of application. Building materials which were not identified as concrete, glass, wood, masonry, metal or rubber were considered suspect ACM.

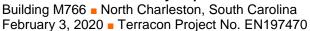
Terracon lifted floor coverings in several areas, where possible, and did not observe additional flooring layers unless mentioned in this report; however, as Terracon could not assess beneath all floor covering in all areas, there may be isolated areas of additional suspect material present beneath existing flooring.

#### 3.3 Physical Assessment

A physical assessment of each homogeneous area of suspect ACM was conducted to assess the friability and condition of the materials. A friable material is defined by the EPA as a material, which can be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure when dry. Friability was assessed by physically touching suspect materials.

#### 3.4 Sample Collection

Based on our observations, bulk samples of suspect ACMs were collected in general accordance with SCDHEC and EPA sample collection protocols. Random samples of suspect materials were collected in each homogeneous area. Bulk samples were collected using wet methods as





applicable to reduce the potential for fiber release. Samples were placed in sealable containers and labeled with unique sample numbers using an indelible marker.

The selection of sample locations and frequency of sampling was based on Terracon's observations and the assumption that like materials in the same area are homogeneous in content.

A summary of the suspect ACM samples collected during the survey is presented in Table 1 in Appendix A. Sample locations are depicted on a Figure A-1 in Appendix B.

#### 3.5 Sample Analysis

Bulk samples were submitted under chain of custody to EMSL Analytical Laboratories in Pinesville, North Carolina for analysis by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) with dispersion staining techniques per EPA EPA/600/R-93/116. The percentage of asbestos, where applicable, was determined by microscopical visual estimation. EMSL is accredited under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program NVLAP.

Per the SCDHEC Regulation 61-86.1 Standards of Performance for Asbestos Projects, negative results for non-friable organically bound (NOB) materials such as flooring and roofing shall be verified with at least one TEM analysis. The additional analysis was performed by TEM in accordance with EPA/600/R-93/116 Section 2.5.5.1.

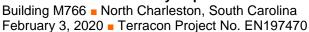
#### 3.6 Findings and Recommendations

Forty (40) bulk samples were collected from homogeneous areas of suspect ACM. Table 1 in the Appendix A summarizes the results of the visual inspection, estimated quantities, and laboratory analyses. A site diagram with sample locations (Figure A-1) is included in Appendix B. Asbestos laboratory analytical reports, certificates of analysis with the chain of custody, are included in Appendix C. Based on the results of laboratory analysis, the following materials were identified as asbestos containing materials (ACMs) defined as containing >1% asbestos.

Laboratory analysis identified asbestos in the following materials:

- Friable joint compound (Chrysotile, 2%) associated with the wallboard system located throughout the building; approximately 15,300 ft<sup>2</sup>,
- Non-friable sheet flooring backing (Chrysotile, 6%) located in all bathrooms on each floor; approximately 1,800 ft<sup>2</sup>.
- Non-friable roof flashing, fibrous layer (Chrysotile, 2%-5%) located on the roof, approximately 500 ft<sup>2</sup>.

Layered analysis identified 2% Chrysotile in 2 of the 9 samples (one sample was <1%) of joint compound. SCDHEC does not allow drywall and joint compound to be composited. Therefore, the joint compound, associated wallboard system, is considered ACM and must be removed and





disposed of as such prior to removal or demolition of walls. If warranted, additional samples of the joint compound could be collected in effort to delineate the asbestos from non-asbestos joint compound; however, due to renovation history of a building there may be a likelihood this cannot be effectively achieved.

If the ACMs listed above will be disturbed during renovation activities, they should be handled in accordance with the applicable OSHA standards and SCDHEC regulation 61-86.1 – Standards of Performance for Asbestos Projects. Demolition of the building will require removal of all identified ACM. Written notification must be submitted to SCDHEC ten (10) business days prior to the renovation or demolition activities. In accordance with SCDHEC asbestos regulations, any facility removing greater than 3,000 ft<sup>2</sup> of regulated ACM (i.e. joint compound/wallboard material) requires a written abatement project design. The project design shall be prepared by a SCDHEC licensed abatement designer to meet SCDHEC Asbestos Regulation 61-86.1. In addition, air monitoring is required in accordance with SCDHEC regulations

If load-bearing walls are scheduled to be removed as part of this renovation project, a SCDHEC demolition permit is required. A copy of this report must be submitted to SCDHEC (Asbestos Section) at least ten (10) working days prior to demolition of load-bearing walls along with a demolition permit application and associated fees. Once processed SCDHEC will issue a permit. Federal, state and local regulations should be referred to in order to verify compliance before any actions are initiated on an ACM.

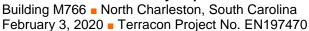
In accordance with OSHA's Asbestos Standard, the employer shall notify affected employees and contractors of the presence and location of asbestos-containing materials and test results. A full copy of the OSHA asbestos standard for general industry may be found at OSHA's website (<a href="www.osha.gov">www.osha.gov</a>) and should be referenced for specific information.

It should be noted that suspect materials, other than those identified during the January 9, 2020, survey may exist within the structure. Should suspect materials other than those which were identified during this survey be uncovered during or prior to the abatement and demolition process, those materials should be assumed asbestos-containing until sampling and analysis can confirm or refute their asbestos content. Should future sampling indicate that the other material is asbestos containing, Terracon recommends removal of the asbestos-containing materials by a South Carolina licensed asbestos abatement contractor prior to renovation/demolition of the building.

#### 4.0 LEAD-BASED PAINT SURVEY

#### 4.1 Regulatory Overview

Lead is regulated by the EPA, SCDHEC and OSHA. The EPA and SCDHEC regulate lead-based paint use, removal, and disposal, and OSHA regulates lead exposure to workers. The EPA defines LBP as paint, varnish, stain, or other applied coating that contains lead equal to or greater than 1.0 mg/cm², 5,000 mg/kg, or 0.5% by dry weight as determined by laboratory analysis. The SCDHEC regulations 61-107.19 require that painted demolition debris with a lead-based paint





concentration greater than 0.06% by weight be disposed in a permitted Class II landfill. For the purpose of the OSHA lead standard, lead-based paint includes metallic lead-based paint, all inorganic lead-based paint compounds, and organic lead-based paint soaps. The complete OSHA standard for compliance can be found on OSHA's website (<a href="www.osha.gov">www.osha.gov</a>). A synopsis of the OSHA regulations (29 CFR 1926.62) and the applicability are as follows:

The OSHA Lead Standard for Construction (29 CFR 1926.62) applies to all construction work where an employee may be occupationally exposed to lead. All work related to construction, alteration, or repair (including painting and decorating) is included. The lead -in-construction standard applies to any detectable concentration of lead in paint, as even small concentrations of lead can result in unacceptable employee exposures depending upon on the method of removal and other workplace conditions. Under this standard, construction includes, but is not limited to, the following:

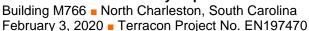
- Demolition or salvage of structures where lead-based paint or materials containing leadbased paint are present
- Removal or encapsulation of materials containing lead-based paint
- New construction, alteration, repair, or renovation of structures, substrates, or portions containing lead-based paint, or materials containing lead-based paint
- Installation of products containing lead-based paint
- Lead-based paint contamination/emergency clean-up
- Transportation, disposal, storage, or containment of lead-based paint or materials containing lead-based paint on the site or location at which construction activities are performed
- Maintenance operations associated with construction activities described above

#### 4.2 Sampling and Analytical Protocol

Mr. Langford of Terracon conducted the lead-based paint (LBP) sampling on January 9, 2020. The LBP sampling was conducted by collecting paint chip samples. The paint chip samples were collected from painted or lacquered surfaces of building components likely to contain LBP, based on apparent date of application. The paint samples were collected down to the surface substrate so as to include any underlying paint systems in the analysis. The random paint chip samples were selected based on current paint schemes and may not be inclusive of old paint systems covered with paneling, or existing painted systems. The paint chip samples were submitted to an ELAP accredited laboratory for analysis of lead by NIOSH Method 7082M (atomic absorption).

#### 4.3 Findings and Recommendations

Four (4) paint-chip samples were collected from the components of the structure on the site. The sample results were below the EPA definition of lead-based paint of 0.5% and below the SCDHEC 0.06% by weight threshold for disposal.





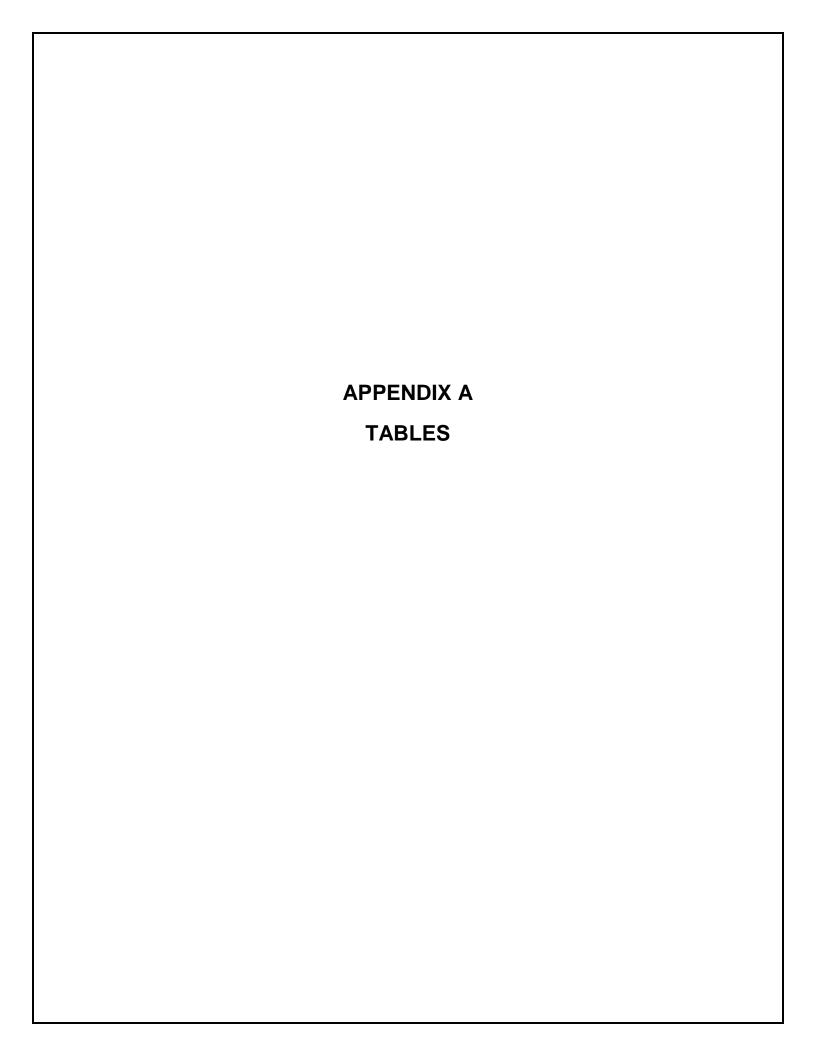
Painted demolition debris may be disposed in a C&D Landfill. SCDHEC regulations require that the lead painted demolition debris be disposed in a permitted Class II landfill. Landfills should be contacted to determine their specific disposal requirements. Metal components painted with lead -based paint may be recycled; however, the recycler should be contacted to determine their specific requirements. A summary of the lead-based paint laboratory results is presented in Table 2 in Appendix A. The analytical report is included in Appendix B.

#### 5.0 LIMITATIONS / GENERAL COMMENTS

This survey was conducted in a manner consistent with the level of care and skill ordinarily exercised by members of the profession currently practicing under similar conditions in the same locale. The results, findings, conclusions and recommendations expressed in this report are based on conditions observed during our survey of the renovation areas. The information contained in this report is relevant to the date on which this survey was performed, and should not be relied upon to represent conditions at a later date.

This report has been prepared on behalf of and exclusively for use by Palmetto Railways for specific application to their project as discussed. Terracon does not warrant the work of regulatory agencies, laboratories or other third parties supplying information, which may have been used in the preparation of this report. No warranty, express or implied is made.

This report is not a bidding document. Contractors or consultants reviewing this report must draw their own conclusions regarding further investigation or remediation deemed necessary.



## TABLE 1 ASBESTOS RESULTS SAMPLE SUMMARY BARRACKS M766 OLD HOSPITAL DISTRICT - OLD NAVY BASE NORTH CHARLESTON, SOUTH CAROLINA

**TERRACON PROJECT NO. EN197470** 

Sample Number	Sample Location	Analysis Method	Analytical Results	Sample Description	НА	Classification	Friable/Non- Friable &	Estimated Quantity
WB-01	3rd Floor	PLM	None Detected	Drywall				Quartity
WB-02	3rd Floor	PLM	None Detected	Drywall	1			
WB-03	3rd Floor	PLM	None Detected	Drywall	1			
WB-04	2nd Floor	PLM	None Detected	Drywall				
WB-05	2nd Floor	PLM	None Detected	Drywall	HA-01	Miscellaneous		
WB-06	2nd Floor	PLM	None Detected	Drywall				
WB-07	1st Floor	PLM	None Detected	Drywall				
WB-08	1st Floor	PLM	None Detected	Drywall				
WB-09	1st Floor	PLM	None Detected	Drywall			Fair-la /DAOM	?
WB-01	3rd Floor	PLM	None Detected	Joint Compound			Friable/RACM	15,300 ft <sup>2</sup>
WB-02	3rd Floor	PLM	2% Chrysotile	Joint Compound				
WB-03	3rd Floor	PLM	None Detected	Joint Compound				
WB-04	2nd Floor	PLM	2% Chrysotile	Joint Compound				
WB-05	2nd Floor	PLM	None Detected	Joint Compound	HA-02	Surfacing		
WB-06	2nd Floor	PLM	None Detected	Joint Compound	1			
WB-07	1st Floor	PLM	2% Chrysotile	Joint Compound				
WB-08	1st Floor	PLM	None Detected	Joint Compound				
WB-09	1st Floor	PLM	None Detected	Joint Compound				
CT-01	3rd Floor	PLM	None Detected	Ceiling Tile				
CT-02	2nd Floor	PLM	None Detected	Ceiling Tile	HA-03	Miscellaneous	Non-Friable/Good	10,200 ft <sup>2</sup>
CT-03	1st Floor	PLM	None Detected	Ceiling Tile	1			
SF-01	3rd Floor Bathroom	PLM	None Detected	Sheet Flooring				
SF-02	2nd Floor Bathroom	PLM	None Detected	Sheet Flooring	HA-04			
SF-03	1st Floor Bathroom	TEM	None Detected	Sheet Flooring		Missellenseus	Non-	4 000 %2
SF-01	3rd Floor Bathroom	PLM	6% Chrysotile	Backing/Mastic		Miscellaneous	Friable/Category I	1,800 ft <sup>2</sup>
SF-02	2nd Floor Bathroom	PLM	None Dectected	Backing/Mastic	HA-05			
SF-03	1st Floor Bathroom	TEM	None Detected	Backing/Mastic				
DM-01	3rd Floor	PLM	None Detected	Wrap/Duct Mastic				
DM-02	2nd Floor	PLM	None Detected	Wrap/Duct Mastic	HA-06	Miscellaneous	Non-Friable/Good	1,500 ft <sup>2</sup>
DM-03	1st Floor	TEM	None Detected	Wrap/Duct Mastic	Ī			
STD-01	Exterior	PLM	None Detected	Stucco Plaster				
STD-02	Exterior	PLM	None Detected	Stucco Plaster	Ī			
STD-03	Exterior	PLM	None Detected	Stucco Plaster	1			
STD-04	Exterior	PLM	None Detected	Stucco Plaster	HA-07	Surfacing	Friable/Good	25,000 ft <sup>2</sup>
STD-05	Exterior	PLM	None Detected	Stucco Plaster	1			
STD-06	Exterior	PLM	None Detected	Stucco Plaster	1			
STD-07	Exterior	PLM	None Detected	Stucco Plaster	1 '			

# TABLE 1 ASBESTOS RESULTS SAMPLE SUMMARY BARRACKS M766 OLD HOSPITAL DISTRICT - OLD NAVY BASE NORTH CHARLESTON, SOUTH CAROLINA TERRACON PROJECT NO. EN197470

Sample Number	Sample Location	Analysis Method	Analytical Results	Sample Description	НА	Classification	Friable/Non- Friable &	Estimated Quantity		
WC-01	Windows	PLM	None Detected	Window Caulking						
WC-02	Windows	PLM	None Detected	Window Caulking	HA-08	Miscellaneous	Non-Friable/Good	1,200 LF		
WC-03	Windows	TEM	None Detected	Window Caulking						
WC2-01	Window Frame	PLM	None Detected	Window Frame Caulking			Non-Friable/Good			
WC2-02	Window Frame	PLM	None Detected	Window Frame Caulking	HA-09	Miscellaneous		1,200 LF		
WC2-03	Window Frame	TEM	None Detected	Window Frame Caulking						
TSI-01	Boiler Room	PLM	None Detected	Pipe Insultaion			Friable/Good	130 LF		
TSI-02	Boiler Room	PLM	None Detected	Pipe Insultaion	HA-10	Miscellaneous				
TSI-03	Boiler Room	PLM	None Detected	Pipe Insultaion						
RM-01	Roof Field	PLM	None Detected	Tar/Multiple Layers			Non-Friable/Good	4,000 ft <sup>2</sup>		
RM-02	Roof Field	PLM	None Detected	Tar/Multiple Layers	HA-11	Miscellaneous				
RM-03	Roof Field	TEM	None Detected	Tar/Multiple Layers						
RF-01	Roof Flashing	PLM	5% Chrysotile	Tar/Multiple Layers						
RF-02	Roof Flashing	PLM	2% Chrysotile	Tar/Multiple Layers	HA-12	Miscellaneous	Non-Friable/Good	500 ft <sup>2</sup>		
RF-03	-03 Roof Flashing TEM 0.53 % Chrysotile Tar/Multiple Layers		Tar/Multiple Layers							
	Bold and shaded items are identified ACMs     Quantities listed above are estimates to be used for inspection purposes only and should be field-verified for all other uses.									

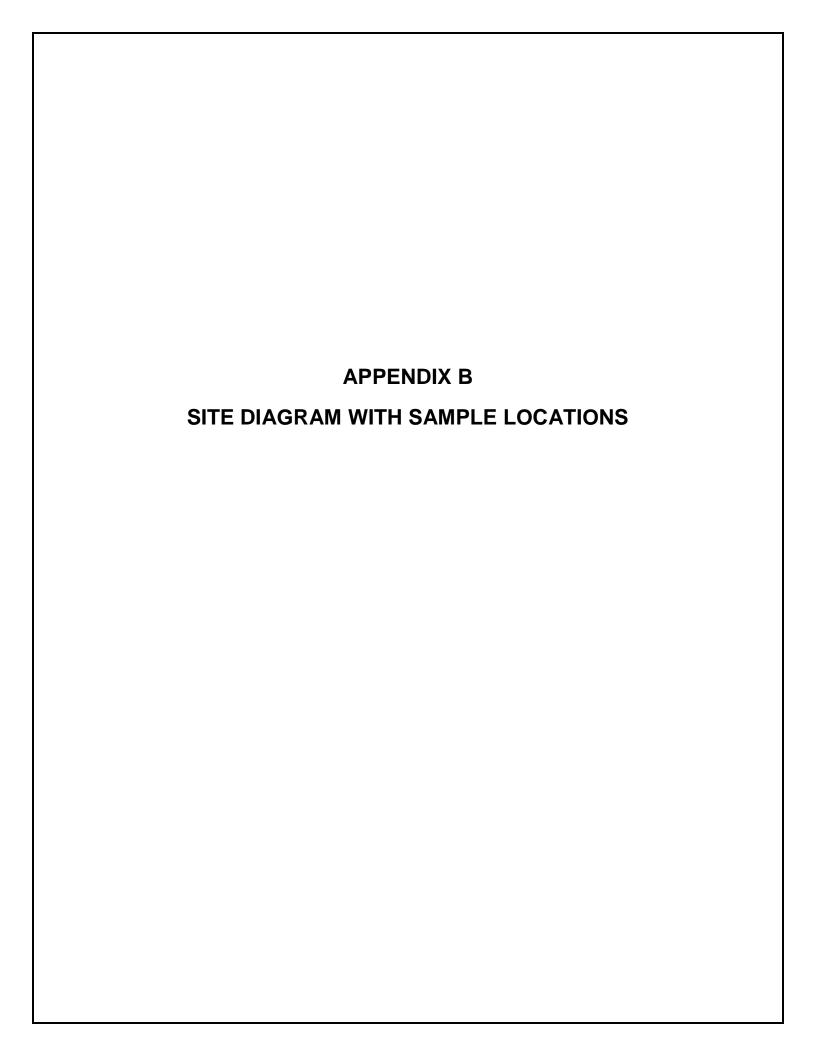
Quantities listed above are estimates to be used for inspection purposes only and should be field-verified for all other uses
 Quantities listed above should not be used in construction documents or bids

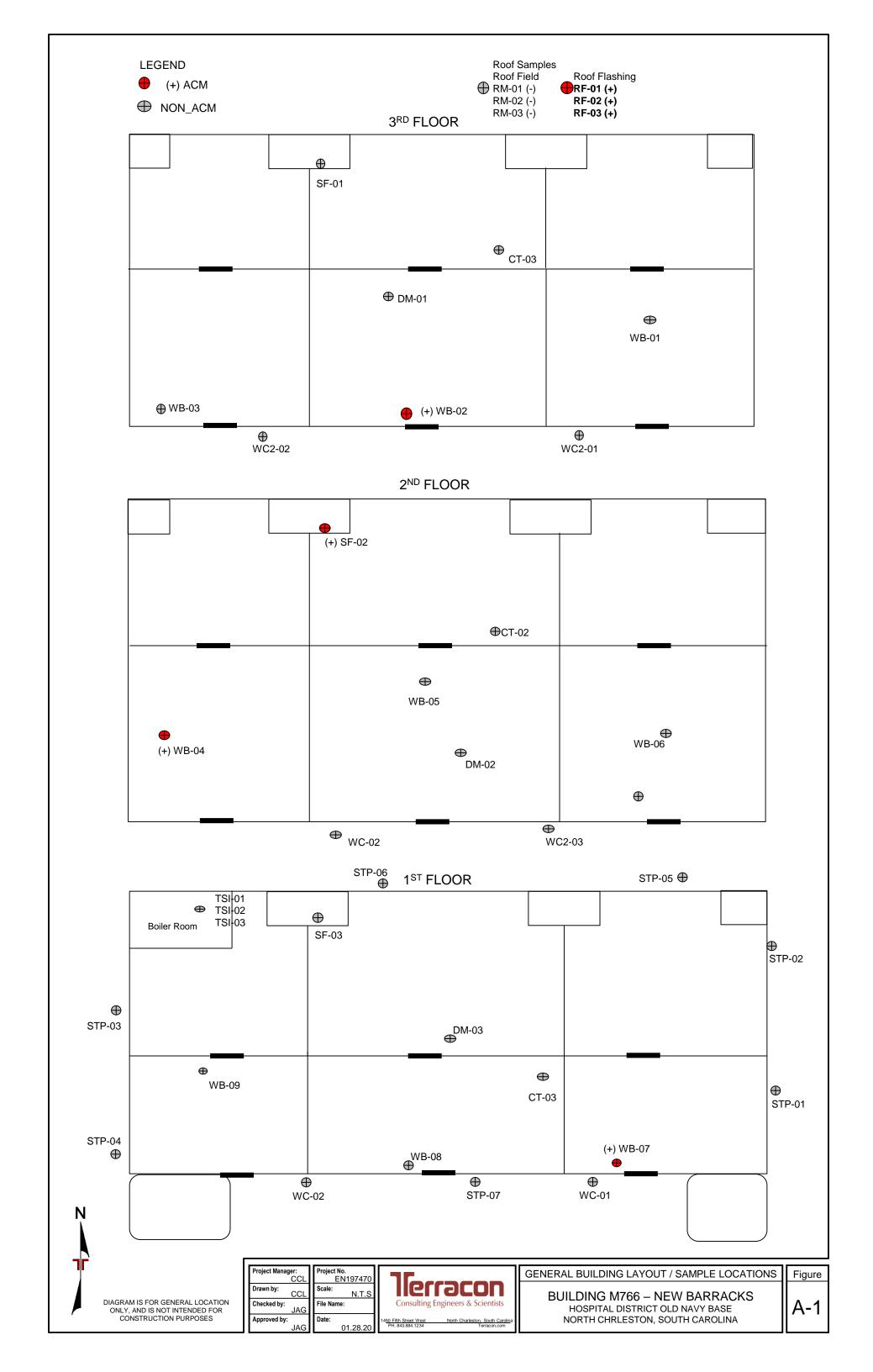
#### **RACM - Regulated Asbestos Containing Materials**

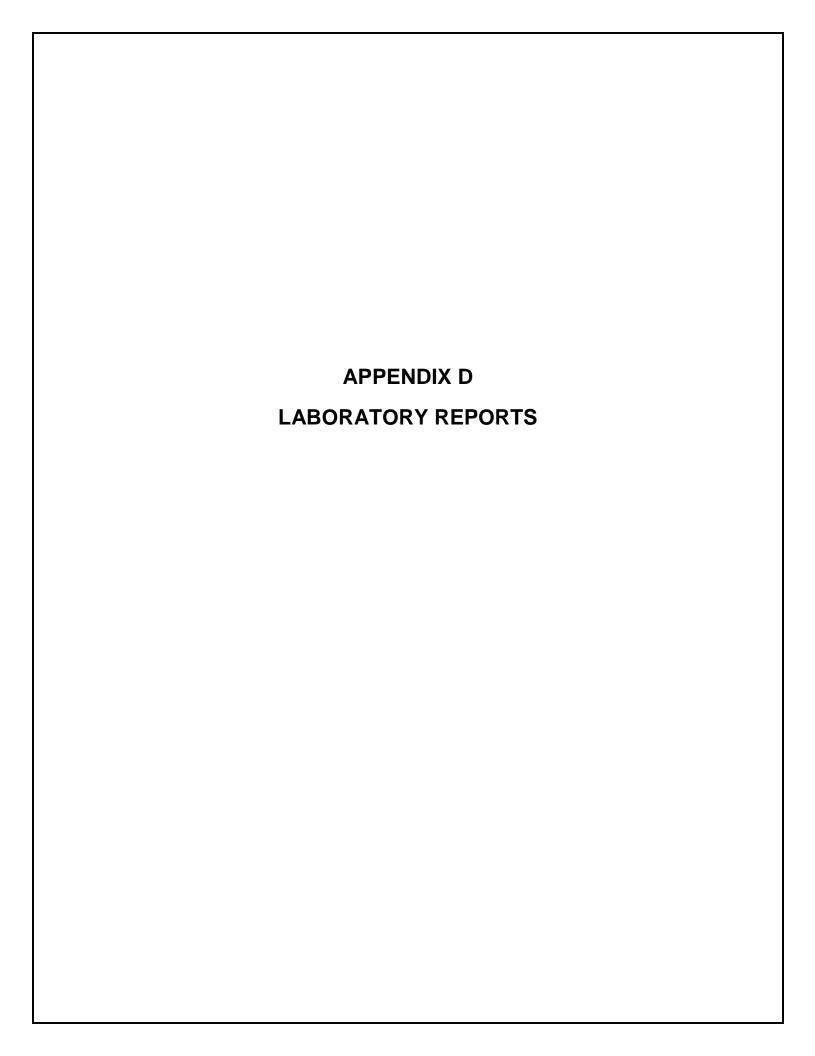
HA - Homogeneous Area PLM - Polarized Light Microscopy TEM - Transmission Electron Microscopy SF - Square Feet LF - Linear Feet

# TABLE 2 LEAD PAINT RESULTS SAMPLE SUMMARY BARRACKS M766 HOSPITAL DISTRICT - OLD NAVY BASE NORTH CHARLESTON, SOUTH CAROLINA TERRACON PROJECT NO. EN197470

Sample Number	Description	Location	Lab Results % wt					
Pb-01	Interior Wall - White Paint	Interior Wall - 3rd Floor	0.02%					
Pb-02	Window Frame	Window Frame	0.02%					
Pb-03	Door - Gray Paint	Door - 2nd Floor	<0.0080					
Pb-04	Pb-04 Door Frame - Gray Paint		<0.0081					
Notes:								
1) Results above the SCDHEC regulatory limit (0.06%) must be disposed of properly.								
	2) Results in BOLD face were found above action levels.							
	<ol><li>OSHA Lead in Constructi</li></ol>	on standard must be followed.						









1450 Fifth Street West

North Charleston, SC 29405

EMSL Order: 412000255 Customer ID: WPCE62 Customer PO: EN197470

Project ID:

Phone: (843) 442-6658

**Fax:** (843) 884-9234

Received Date: 01/10/2020 9:00 AM
Analysis Date: 01/13/2020 - 01/14/2020

Collected Date:

**Project:** EN197470 / Bldg M766

Terracon, Inc.

Attention: Craig Langford

#### Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

			<u>Asbestos</u>		
Sample	Description	Appearance	% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
WB-01-Drywall 412000255-0001	Drywall / Joint Compound	Gray Fibrous Homogeneous	5% Cellulose	95% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
WB-01-Joint Compound	Drywall / Joint Compound	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		40% Ca Carbonate 60% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
WB-02-Drywall 412000255-0002	Drywall / Joint Compound	Gray/White Fibrous Homogeneous	5% Cellulose	95% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
WB-02-Joint Compound	Drywall / Joint Compound	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		40% Ca Carbonate 58% Non-fibrous (Other)	2% Chrysotile
WB-03-Drywall	Drywall / Joint Compound	Gray Fibrous Homogeneous	5% Cellulose	95% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
WB-03-Joint Compound	Drywall / Joint Compound	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		35% Ca Carbonate 65% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
WB-04-Drywall	Drywall / Joint Compound	Gray Fibrous	5% Cellulose	95% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
412000255-0004 WB-04-Joint Compound 412000255-0004A	Drywall / Joint Compound	Homogeneous White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		30% Ca Carbonate 70% Non-fibrous (Other)	<1% Chrysotile
WB-05-Drywall 412000255-0005	Drywall / Joint Compound	Gray Fibrous Homogeneous	5% Cellulose	95% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
WB-05-Joint Compound	Drywall / Joint Compound	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		40% Ca Carbonate 60% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
WB-06-Drywall	Drywall / Joint Compound	Gray Fibrous Homogeneous	5% Cellulose	95% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
WB-06-Joint Compound	Drywall / Joint Compound	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		40% Ca Carbonate 60% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
WB-07-Drywall	Drywall / Joint Compound	Gray Fibrous Homogeneous	5% Cellulose	95% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
WB-07-Joint Compound	Drywall / Joint Compound	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		30% Ca Carbonate 68% Non-fibrous (Other)	2% Chrysotile
WB-08-Joint Compound 412000255-0008 No drywall present	Drywall / Joint Compound	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		30% Ca Carbonate 70% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
WB-08-Tape 412000255-0008A	Drywall / Joint Compound	Tan Fibrous Homogeneous	95% Cellulose	5% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected



EMSL Order: 412000255 Customer ID: WPCE62 Customer PO: EN197470

Project ID:

## Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

			Non-Asbesto	<u>os</u>	<u>Asbestos</u>
Sample	Description	Appearance	% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
WB-09-Joint Compound 412000255-0009 No drywall present	Drywall / Joint Compound	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		40% Ca Carbonate 60% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
CT-01	Ceiling Tile	Gray/White Fibrous	55% Cellulose 15% Min. Wool	10% Perlite 20% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
412000255-0010		Homogeneous			
CT-02 412000255-0011	Ceiling Tile	Gray/White Fibrous Homogeneous	55% Cellulose 15% Min. Wool	10% Perlite 20% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
CT-03	Ceiling Tile	Tan Fibrous	20% Min. Wool	55% Ca Carbonate 5% Perlite	None Detected
412000255-0012		Homogeneous		20% Non-fibrous (Other)	
SF-01-Flooring	Speckled Sheet Flooring / Mastic	Gray Fibrous	15% Cellulose 3% Glass	82% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
412000255-0013		Homogeneous			
SF-01-Mastic 412000255-0013A	Speckled Sheet Flooring / Mastic	Tan Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		5% Ca Carbonate 95% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
SF-01-Backing	Speckled Sheet Flooring / Mastic	Gray Fibrous		94% Non-fibrous (Other)	6% Chrysotile
412000255-0013B		Homogeneous			
SF-02-Flooring	Speckled Sheet Flooring / Mastic	Gray Non-Fibrous	15% Cellulose 3% Glass	82% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
412000255-0014		Homogeneous			
SF-02-Mastic	Speckled Sheet Flooring / Mastic	Tan Non-Fibrous		5% Ca Carbonate 95% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
412000255-0014A	Dest Marks	Homogeneous	050/ 0-11-1	AFOV New Shares (Other)	News Beterfed
DM-01-Wrap 412000255-0016	Duct Mastic	Tan/Silver Fibrous Homogeneous	85% Cellulose	15% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
DM-01-Mastic	Duct Mastic	White	2% Wollastonite	10% Ca Carbonate	None Detected
412000255-0016A	Buot Mustic	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	270 Wolldstoffile	88% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Belevied
DM-02-Wrap	Duct Mastic	Tan Fibrous	85% Cellulose	15% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
412000255-0017		Homogeneous			
DM-02-Mastic 412000255-0017A	Duct Mastic	Tan Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	2% Wollastonite	10% Ca Carbonate 88% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
STP-01	Stucco Plaster	Gray Non-Fibrous		30% Quartz 8% Ca Carbonate	None Detected
412000255-0019		Homogeneous		62% Non-fibrous (Other)	
STP-02	Stucco Plaster	Gray Non-Fibrous		30% Quartz 8% Ca Carbonate	None Detected
412000255-0020		Homogeneous		62% Non-fibrous (Other)	
STP-03	Stucco Plaster	Gray Non-Fibrous		30% Quartz 8% Ca Carbonate	None Detected
412000255-0021		Homogeneous		62% Non-fibrous (Other)	
STP-04 412000255-0022	Stucco Plaster	Gray Non-Fibrous		30% Quartz 8% Ca Carbonate 62% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
STP-05	Stucco Plaster	Homogeneous Gray Non-Fibrous		30% Quartz 10% Ca Carbonate	None Detected
412000255-0023		Homogeneous		60% Non-fibrous (Other)	



EMSL Order: 412000255 Customer ID: WPCE62 Customer PO: EN197470

Project ID:

#### Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

			<u>Asbestos</u>		
Sample	Description	Appearance	% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Туре
STP-06 412000255-0024	Stucco Plaster	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		30% Quartz 8% Ca Carbonate 62% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
STP-07 412000255-0025	Stucco Plaster	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		30% Quartz 10% Ca Carbonate 60% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
WC-01 412000255-0026	Window Caulk	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		10% Ca Carbonate 90% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
WC-02 412000255-0027	Window Caulk	Gray/White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		10% Ca Carbonate 90% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
WC2-01 412000255-0029	Window Caulk (Frame)	Gray/White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		20% Ca Carbonate 80% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
WC2-02 412000255-0030	Window Caulk (Frame)	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		15% Ca Carbonate 85% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
TSI-01 412000255-0032	Pipe Insulation - Boiler	White Fibrous Homogeneous	8% Synthetic	60% Ca Carbonate 32% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
TSI-02 412000255-0033	Pipe Insulation - Boiler	White Fibrous Homogeneous	8% Synthetic	60% Ca Carbonate 32% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
TSI-03 412000255-0034	Pipe Insulation - Boiler	Gray Fibrous Homogeneous	10% Min. Wool	60% Ca Carbonate 30% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected

Analyst(s)

Anupriya Tyagi (25) James Kincheloe (18) Lee Plumley, Laboratory Manager or Other Approved Signatory

Evan L Plumber

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. The above analyses were performed in general compliance with Appendix E to Subpart E of 40 CFR (previously EPA 600/M4-82-020 "Interim Method"), but augmented with procedures outlined in the 1993 ("final") version of the method. This report relates only to the samples reported above, and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. All samples received in acceptable condition unless otherwise noted. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST or any agency of the federal government. EMSL recommends gravimetric reduction for all non-friable organically bound materials prior to analysis. Estimation of uncertainty is available on request.

Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Pineville, NC NVLAP Lab Code 200841-0, VA 3333 00312



1450 Fifth Street West

North Charleston, SC 29405

EMSL Order: 412000255 Customer ID: WPCE62 Customer PO: EN197470

Project ID:

Phone: (843) 442-6658 Fax: (843) 884-9234

Received Date: 01/10/2020 9:00 AM

**Analysis Date:** 01/11/2020

Collected Date:

Project: EN197470 / Bldg M766

Terracon, Inc.

Attention: Craig Langford

### Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Non-Friable Organically Bound Materials by TEM via EPA/600/R-93/116 Section 2.5.5.1

Sample ID	Description	Appearance	% Matrix Material	% Non-Asbestos Fibers	Asbestos Types
SF-03-Flooring 412000255-0015	Speckled Sheet Flooring / Mastic	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	100.0 Other	None	No Asbestos Detected
SF-03-Mastic 412000255-0015A	Speckled Sheet Flooring / Mastic	Tan Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	100.0 Other	None	No Asbestos Detected
DM-03-Mastic 412000255-0018	Duct Mastic	Tan Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	100.0 Other	None	No Asbestos Detected
WC-03 412000255-0028	Window Caulk	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	100.0 Other	None	No Asbestos Detected
WC2-03 412000255-0031	Window Caulk (Frame)	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	99.88 Other	0.12 Fibrous_Other	No Asbestos Detected

Analyst(s)	
Aaron Hartley (5)	

Lee Plumley, Laboratory Manager or other approved signatory

Evan L Plumber

This laboratory is not responsible for % asbestos in total sample when the residue only is submitted for analysis. The above report relates only to the items tested. This report may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. Unless requested by the client, building materials manufactured with multiple layers (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as a single sample.

Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Pineville, NC

OrderID: 412000255



## Asbestos Chain of Custody EMSL Order Number (Lab Use Only):

412000255

EMSL ANALYTICAL, INC. 706 GRALIN STREET KERNERSVILLE, NC 27284

> PHONE: 336-992-1025 FAX: 336-992-4175

Company : Terracon		EMSL-Bill to: ☐ Same ☐ Different  If Bill to is Different note instructions in Comments**				
Street: 1450 Fifth Street W		Third Party Billing	requires written authorizat	tion from third party		
	State/Province: SC	Third Party Billing requires written authorization from third party  Zip/Postal Code: 29405 Country: US				
Report To (Name): Craig Langford		Fax #:	1000			
Telephone #: 843-442-6658			i- l			
Project Name/Number: EN 197	470 Blda	M766	aig.langford@terracon.	com		
Please Provide Results: Fax	Email Purchase Ord		J.S. State Samples Tak	en: SC		
		T) Options* – Please Ch		icii. OO		
	Hrs 48 Hrs	☑ 3 Days ☐	4 Days 5 Days	s ☐ 10 Days		
*For TEM Air 3 hours/6 hours, please call ahea an authorization form for this service. A	d to schedule.*There is a pren	nium charge for 3 Hour TEM A	AHERA or EPA Level II TAT.	You will be asked to sign		
PCM - Air	TEM - Air	nice with LiviSE's Terms and C	TEM- Dust	ytical Frice Guide.		
□ NIOSH 7400	☐ AHERA 40 C	FR, Part 763	☐ Microvac - ASTM	I D 5755		
☐ w/ OSHA 8hr. TWA	☐ NIOSH 7402		☐ Wipe - ASTM D6			
PLM - Bulk (reporting limit)	☐ EPA Level II			n (EPA 600/J-93/167)		
☑ PLM EPA 600/R-93/116 (<1%)	☐ ISO 10312		Soil/Rock/Vermicul			
☐ PLM EPA NOB (<1%)	TEM - Bulk			A (0.25% sensitivity)		
Point Count	TEM EPA NO	В		B (0.1% sensitivity)		
☐ 400 (<0.25%) ☐ 1000 (<0.1%)	NYS NOB 19	8.4 (non-friable-NY)	☐ TEM CARB 435	- B (0.1% sensitivity)		
Point Count w/Gravimetric	☐ Chatfield SO	2	☐ TEM CARB 435 -	C (0.01% sensitivity)		
☐ 400 (<0.25%) ☐ 1000 (<0.1%)	☐ TEM Mass Ar	nalysis-EPA 600 sec. 2.5	☐ EPA Protocol (Se	emi-Quantitative)		
☐ NYS 198.1 (friable in NY)	TEM - Water: E	PA 100.2	☐ EPA Protocol (Quantitative)			
☐ NYS 198.6 NOB (non-friable-NY)	Fibers >10µm		Other:			
☐ NIOSH 9002 (<1%)	All Fiber Sizes	☐ Waste ☐ Drinking				
☐ Check	For Positive Stop – C	learly Identify Homo	genous Group			
Samplers Name:		Samplers Signature				
			Volume/Area (Air)	Date/Time		
Sample #	Sample Descripti	on	HA # (Bulk)	Sampled		
WB. 0109 Dryan	11 ( Tomt Co	mpound	141			
CT- 01/03 Ceiling	tile		14-2			
SF 01/03 Speck	celd sheet	Flooring Im	MSKZ. UA3	TEM NOB		
Dm-0103 Puct	mastic.	•	1144	TEMNUB		
STP-0107 Stuce	a Plaste	r_	·114-5			
we- oiloz Wine	1	K	.1LA 6	TEM NUB		
wcz-aloz Win	^	+ (FRAME)	1+47	TEM NOB		
'/ 0	insulA how -	11	· HAS	la de		
Client Sample # (s):	•		Total # of Samples:	34		
Relinquished (Client):	Date	2/9/20	Time	e: 1605		
Received (Lab):						
Meceived (Lab).	Date	: 1/10/20	Time	e: Yan FX		
Comments/Special Instructions:	Date		de#03 of	909 9346 8463		



1450 Fifth Street West

North Charleston, SC 29405

EMSL Order: 412000720 Customer ID: WPCE62 Customer PO: EN197470

Project ID:

Phone: (843) 442-6658

Fax: (843) 884-9234

Received Date: 01/23/2020 11:40 AM

**Analysis Date:** 01/24/2020

Collected Date:

Project: EN197470 M766

Attention: Craig Langford

Terracon, Inc.

## Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

			Asbestos		
Sample	Description	Appearance	% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
RM-01-Tar 412000720-0001	Roof Field Material	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
RM-01-Synthetic Layer	Roof Field Material	Black Fibrous Homogeneous	15% Synthetic	5% Quartz 80% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
RM-01-Glass Layer	Roof Field Material	Black Fibrous Homogeneous	35% Glass	65% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
RM-02-Tar 412000720-0002	Roof Field Material	Black Fibrous Homogeneous	1% Cellulose	99% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
RM-02-Synthetic Layer	Roof Field Material	Black Fibrous Homogeneous	15% Synthetic	2% Ca Carbonate 83% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
RM-02-Glass Layer	Roof Field Material	Black Fibrous Homogeneous	10% Glass	90% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
RF-01-Tar 412000720-0004	Roof Flashing	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
RF-01-Fibrous Layer	Roof Flashing	Black Fibrous Homogeneous	25% Cellulose	70% Non-fibrous (Other)	5% Chrysotile
RF-01-Synthetic Layer	Roof Flashing	Black Fibrous Homogeneous	25% Synthetic	75% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
RF-02-Tar 412000720-0005	Roof Flashing	Black Fibrous Homogeneous	<1% Cellulose	100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
RF-02-Fibrous Layer	Roof Flashing	Black Fibrous Homogeneous	25% Cellulose	73% Non-fibrous (Other)	2% Chrysotile
RF-02-Synthetic Layer	Roof Flashing	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	10% Synthetic	90% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected

Initial report from: 01/24/2020 14:53:39



EMSL Order: 412000720 Customer ID: WPCE62 Customer PO: EN197470

Project ID:

Analyst(s)

Anupriya Tyagi (6) Sarah Breneman (6) Lee Plumley, Laboratory Manager or Other Approved Signatory

Evan L Plumber

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. The above analyses were performed in general compliance with Appendix E to Subpart E of 40 CFR (previously EPA 600/M4-82-020 "Interim Method"), but augmented with procedures outlined in the 1993 ("final") version of the method. This report relates only to the samples reported above, and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. All samples received in acceptable condition unless otherwise noted. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST or any agency of the federal government. EMSL recommends gravimetric reduction for all non-friable organically bound materials prior to analysis. Estimation of uncertainty is available on request.

Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Pineville, NC NVLAP Lab Code 200841-0, VA 3333 00312

Initial report from: 01/24/2020 14:53:39



EMSL Order: 412000720 Customer ID: WPCE62 Customer PO: EN197470

Project ID:

**Collected Date:** 

 Attention:
 Craig Langford
 Phone:
 (843) 442-6658

 Terracon, Inc.
 Fax:
 (843) 884-9234

1450 Fifth Street West Received Date: 01/23/2020 11:40 AM

North Charleston, SC 29405 Analysis Date: 01/25/2020

**Project:** EN197470 M766

### Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Non-Friable Organically Bound Materials by TEM via EPA/600/R-93/116 Section 2.5.5.1

Sample ID	Description	Appearance	% Matrix Material	% Non-Asbestos Fibers	Asbestos Types
RM-03-Tar 412000720-0003	Roof Field Material	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	100.0 Other	None	No Asbestos Detected
RM-03-Synthetic Layer 412000720-0003A	Roof Field Material	Black Fibrous Homogeneous	100.0 Other	None	No Asbestos Detected
RM-03-Glass Layer 412000720-0003B	Roof Field Material	Black Fibrous Homogeneous	100.0 Other	None	No Asbestos Detected
RF-03-Tar 412000720-0006	Roof Flashing	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	99.47 Other	None	0.53% Chrysotile
RF-03-Fibrous Layer 412000720-0006A Positive S	Roof Flashing				
RF-03-Synthetic Layer 412000720-0006B	Roof Flashing	Black Fibrous Homogeneous	100.0 Other	None	No Asbestos Detected

Analyst(s)	
Aaron Hartley (5)	_

Lee Plumley, Laboratory Manager or other approved signatory

Evan L Plumber

This laboratory is not responsible for % asbestos in total sample when the residue only is submitted for analysis. The above report relates only to the items tested. This report may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. Unless requested by the client, building materials manufactured with multiple layers (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as a single sample.

Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Pineville, NC

Initial report from: 01/27/2020 08:08:46

OrderID: 412000720



## Asbestos Chain of Custody EMSL Order Number (Lab Use Only):

412000720

EMSL ANALYTICAL, INC. 706 GRALIN STREET KERNERSVILLE, NC 27284

> PHONE: 336-992-1025 FAX: 336-992-4175

Company : Terracon		EMSL-Bill to: Same Different If Bill to is Different note instructions in Comments**			
Street: 1450 Fifth Street W		Third Party Billing requires written authorization from third party			
City: North Charleston	State/Province: SC	Zip/Postal Code: 2940			
Report To (Name): Craig Langford		Fax #:			
Telephone #: 843-442-6658		Email Address: crain	g.langford@terracon.co	om	
Project Name/Number: [ N	97470 MT	111			
Please Provide Results: Fa			S. State Samples Take	n: SC	
		T) Options* - Please Che	The state of the s		
*For TEM Air 3 hours/6 hours, please c	24 Hrs 48 Hrs all ahead to schedule. There is a pren rvice. Analysis completed in accorda	nium charge for 3 Hour TEM AH	4 Days 5 Days ERA or EPA Level II TAT. Younglitions located in the Analytic	☐ 10 Days  ou will be asked to sign  ical Price Guide.	
PCM - Air	TEM - Air	THE THINK STATES	TEM- Dust		
☐ NIOSH 7400	☐ AHERA 40 C	CFR, Part 763	☐ Microvac - ASTM D 5755		
☐ w/ OSHA 8hr. TWA	☐ NIOSH 7402	☐ Wipe - ASTM D6480		30	
PLM - Bulk (reporting limit)	☐ EPA Level II		☐ Carpet Sonication (EPA 6		
□ PLM EPA 600/R-93/116 (<1%)     □ ISO			Soil/Rock/Vermiculite		
☐ PLM EPA NOB (<1%)	TEM - Bulk		PLM CARB 435 - A		
Point Count	TEM EPA NO		PLM CARB 435 - E		
☐ 400 (<0.25%) ☐ 1000 (<0.1%)	A 1 (A 1	8.4 (non-friable-NY)	TEM CARB 435 - I		
Point Count w/Gravimetric	Chatfield SO				
☐ 400 (<0.25%) ☐ 1000 (<0.1%		nalysis-EPA 600 sec. 2.5	EPA Protocol (Sen		
NYS 198.1 (friable in NY)	TEM - Water: E				
NYS 198.6 NOB (non-friable-l	All Fiber Sizes	☐ Waste ☐ Drinking ☐ Waste ☐ Drinking	Other:		
□ NIOSH 9002 (<1%)			anous Group		
<u></u>	Check For Positive Stop - C	learly identify Homog	enous Group		
Samplers Name:		Samplers Signature:			
Sample #	Sample Descript	ion	Volume/Area (Air) HA # (Bulk)	Date/Time Sampled	
Rm 01/03 Ro	OF Kield MA	teran1	TEM NOB	1	
RF 01/03 P	OUF AAThing		1	2	
	•				
Client Sample # (s):	Λ .		Total # of Samples:	6	
Relinquished (Client):	Date	1/22/20	Time	1686	
Received (Lab):	Date	: 1/23/20	Time	: 11:40 AM F/x	
Comments/Special Instructions TEM NOB R	un Currently	For Samele	# 03 m EA	HA	



#### **EMSL Analytical, Inc.**

10801 Southern Loop Blvd, Pineville, NC 28134

Phone/Fax: (704) 525-2205 / (704) 525-2382

http://www.EMSL.com charlottelab@emsl.com

Phone: (843) 884-1234

EMSL Order:

CustomerID:

CustomerPO:

ProjectID:

412000256

WPCE62

EN197470

Fax: (843) 884-9234 Received: 01/10/20 9:00 AM

Collected:

Project: EN197470 Bldg M766

Attn: Craig Langford

Terracon, Inc.

1450 Fifth Street West

North Charleston, SC 29405

#### Test Report: Lead in Paint Chips by Flame AAS (SW 846 3050B/7000B)\*

Client Sample Description	Lab ID Coli	ected <b>Analyzed</b>	Weight	Lead <b>Concentration</b>
Pb-01	412000256-0001	1/10/2020	0.2811 g	0.022 % wt
	Site: Interior Wall			
Pb-02	412000256-0002	1/10/2020	0.2624 g	0.020 % wt
	Site: Window Frame			
Pb-03	412000256-0003	1/10/2020	0.2964 g	<0.0080 % wt
	Site: Door			
Pb-04	412000256-0004	1/10/2020	0.2771 g	<0.0080 % wt
	Site: Door Frame			

Kyle Collins, Technical Manager or other approved signatory

Kyle N Collins

\*Analysis following Lead in Paint by EMSL SOP/Determination of Environmental Lead by FLAA. Reporting limit is 0.008 % wt based on the minimum sample weight per our SOP. Unless noted, results in this report are not blank corrected. This report relates only to the samples reported above and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. "<" (less than) result signifies the analyte was not detected at or above the reporting limit. Measurement of uncertainty is available upon request. The QC data associated with the sample results included in this report meet the recovery and precision requirements unless specifically indicated otherwise. Definitions of modifications are available upon request.

Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Pineville, NC AIHA-LAP, LLC - ELLAP 192283

Initial report from 01/14/2020 07:46:32

OrderID: 412000256



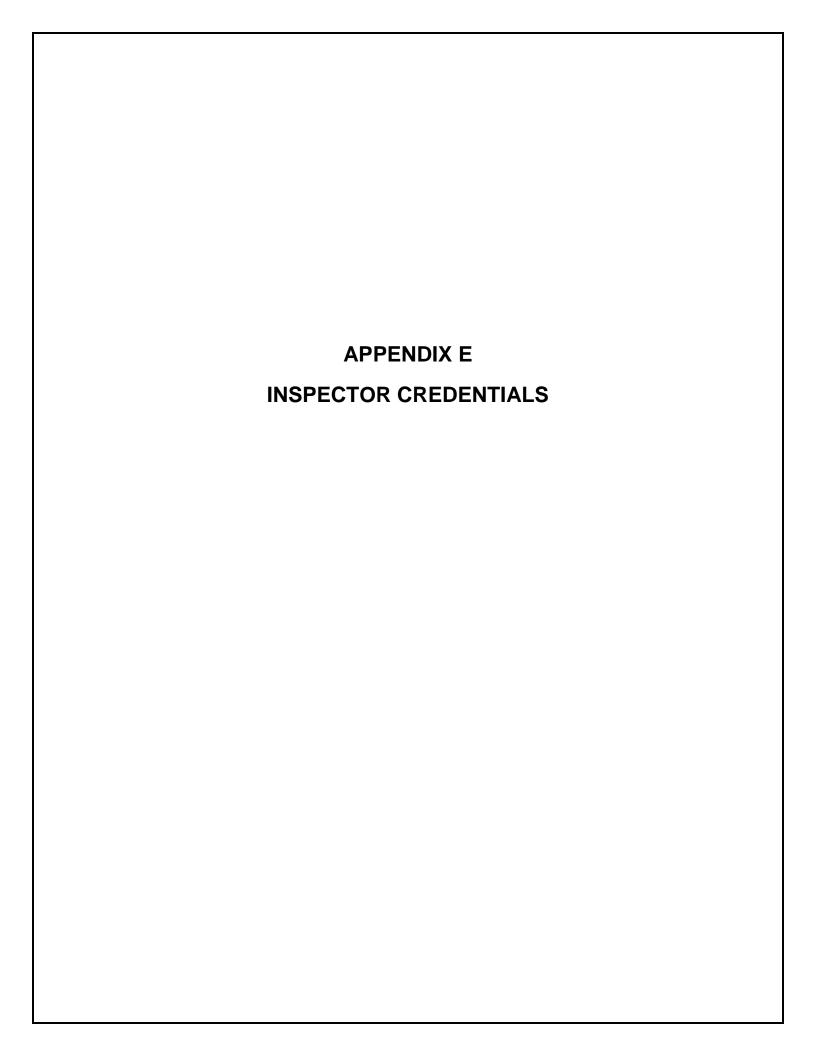
#### Lead (Pb) Chain of Custody

EMSL Order ID (Lab Use Only):

412000256

EMSL ANALYTICAL, INC. 706 GRALIN STREET KERNERSVILLE, NC 27284 336-992-1025

	<del></del>	F/	MSI -Bill to:	Same Different	<del></del>	
Company : Terracon	EMSL-Bill to: ☐ Same ☐ Different  If Bill to is Different note instructions in Comments**					
Street: 1450 Fifth Street West	Third Party Billing requires written authorization from third par			ird party		
City: North Charleston	State/Province: sc Zip/Postal Code: 29405 Country:					
Report To (Name): Craig Langford		Fax #:			ľ	
Telephone #: 843-442-6658		Email Addres	s: craig.lang	ford@terracon.com		
Project Name/Number: EN 197 47	D Polde 1	n766				
Please Provide Results:  Fax Email	ail Purchase Or	der:	U.S. Sta	ite Samples Taken:		
Turn	around Time (TAT) O	otions* - Please		·		
			10 Days			
	accordance with EMSL's Te					
Matrix	Method	Instru	ıment	Reporting Limit	Check	
Chips	SW846-7000B/7420 or AOAC 974.02	Flame Atomi	c Absorption	0.01%		
Air	NIOSH 7082 Flame		c Absorption	4 μg/filter		
·	NIOSH 7105	Graphite F	urnace AA	0.03 μg/filter		
	NIOSH 7300 modified	ICP-	AES	0.5 µg/filter	🗆	
Wipe* ☐ ASTM	SW846-7000B/7420	Flame Atom	c Absorption	10 μg/wipe		
☐ non ASTM  *if no box is checked, non-ASTM Wipe is assumed	SW846-6010B or C	ICP-	AES	0.5 µg/wipe		
TCLP	SW846-1311/7420/SM 31	11B Flame Atomi	c Absorption	0.4 mg/L (ppm)		
· <u> </u>	SW846-6010B or C	ICP-	AES	0.1 mg/L (ppm)		
Soil	SW846-7420		c Absorption	40 mg/kg (ppm)	<u> </u>	
. '	SW846-7421 SW86-6010B or C	Graphite F	umace AA	0:3 mg/kg (ppm) = 1 mg/kg (ppm)		
Wastewater	SM3111B or SW846-7000B/7420		c Absorption	0.4 mg/L (ppm)		
	EPA 200.9	Graphite F	umace AA	0.003 mg/L (ppm)		
	SW846-6010B or C		AES	1 mg/kg (ppm)		
Drinking Water	EPA 200.9	Graphite P	urnace AA	0.003 mg/L (ppm)		
Other:	F	reservation Met	hod (Water):			
Name of Sampler:	s	Signature of Sam	pler:			
Sample # Loca	tion	Volu	Volume/Area		Date/Time Sampled	
Phol Interior	rome				,	
PhoZ Window F	France					
Ph-03 100E						
Pb-04 DOOR FRA	me					
Client Sample #'s Total # of Samples:						
		2/9/20			1600	
Received (Lab): Date:						
Controlled Document Lead (Pb) COC - R1 - 3/18/2009	, =====		,	9am F/x 7909 934	L 84C3	



#### CRAIG C. LANGFORD

## SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL – ASBESTO SECTION

CONSULTANT/PROJECT DESIGN – PD-00032\_EXP 07/10/20 CONSULTANT/BUILDING INSPECTOR ASB-22775\_EXP 07/09/20 AIR SAMPLER/MONITOR ASB-22599\_EXP 07/08/20 SUPERVISOR SA-03094\_EXP 07/08/20

